Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 - United Kingdom (UK)

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



TEKNOLAC PRIMER 0168-00 - All variants

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking		
1.1 Product identifier		
Product name	: FEKNOLAC PRIMER 0168-00 - All variants	
1.2 Relevant identified uses Product description	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against : Paint.	
<b>1.3 Details of the supplier of</b> Feknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3	t <mark>he safety data sheet</mark> 9, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.	
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: Prod-safe@teknos.com	
<u>National contact</u> Teknos (UK) Limited, 7 Longl	ands Rd, Bicester, Oxfordshire OX26 5AH, United Kingdom. Tel. +44 (0) 1869 208005.	
1.4 Emergency telephone nu	mber	
Telephone number	: ₱ knos UK Limited; TEL: +44 1608 683 494; Opening hours: MON-FRI, 7am – 6pm.	
<b>SECTION 2: Hazards</b>	identification	
2.1 Classification of the subs	stance or mixture	
Product definition	: Mixture	
Classification according to Mam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]	
₱ ₱ ₱ ₱ ₽ ₽ ₽ ₽ ₽ ₽ ₽ ₽ ₽ ₽ ₽ ₽ ₽ ₽ ₽ ₽	azardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.	
See Section 16 for the full tex	t of the H statements declared above.	
See Section 11 for more deta	iled information on health effects and symptoms.	
2.2 Label elements		
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	: 🕅 arning	
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H332 - Harmful if inhaled</li> </ul>	

- H332 Harmful it inhaled.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### Precautionary statements General

: Not applicable.

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Prevention	<ul> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe vapour.</li> </ul>
Response	: 🖻 🕅 314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Storage	: 🗗 403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	<ul> <li>P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
Hazardous ingredients	: 🔀ylene
Supplemental label elements	<ul> <li>Marning! Contains Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate). May produce an allergic reaction. Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.</li> </ul>
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do : Mone known. not result in classification

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures :	Mixture			
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
₩ylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
Ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	<10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≤5	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	[1] [*]
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	REACH #: 01-2119524678-29 EC: 205-250-6 CAS: 136-52-7	<0.1	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 1B, H360F Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

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### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### Туре

Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

[\*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with diameter  $\leq$  10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Inhalation If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Fush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and Skin contact • shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been Ingestion 5 swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. **Protection of first-aiders** No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it ÷. is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Koverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
4.3 Indication of any imm	nediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	: <b>F</b> reat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

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### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

o control of thomas	
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Øse dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: 🗹 not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Fammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, wit the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous combustion products	: In a fire, decomposition may produce toxic gases/fumes.
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Fromptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident in there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	te	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	Fspecialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Wooid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
6.3 Methods and material for	со	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

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### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)

Danger criteria		
	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
₱5c	5000	50000

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

**Recommendations** solutions

- : Not available.
- Industrial sector specific
- : Not available.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

#### 8.1 Control parameters

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#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
<b>X</b> ylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 441 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 220 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 552 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 441 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Inhalation
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection				
	<b>sensitiser.</b> TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.			
procedures atmospher of the venti protective of the followin the assess limit values atmospher of exposure (Workplace for the mea	uct contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace e or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness ilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as ng: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for ment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace es - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment e to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 e atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures asurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance of or methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be			

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Xylene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
-		-	bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	14.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	-
	DNEL	Long term	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	108 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term	289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation		<b>a</b> .	
Ethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	15 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	/ 2	population	
	DNEL	Long term	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	400 //		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	293 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DMEL	Long term	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DMEL	Short term	884 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
titanium dioxide	DNEL	Long term	10 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Oral	700 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	DNEL	Long term	37 µg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	55.8 µg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	235.1	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	µg/m³		

#### **PNECs**

No PNECs available

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

-	
controls	Se only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measures	
	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection :	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection :	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.         < 1 hour (breakthrough time):
	$\overline{m{W}}$ ash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.
Body protection :	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Refer to European Standard EN 14605 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection :	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection :	appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Filter type:
	Filter type (spray application): 🛛 🕅 P
Environmental exposure : controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: 🗾 iquid.
Colour	: 📈 arious
Odour	: 🖻ight
Odour threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.

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### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

•=•	
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: 🕅osed cup: 26°C
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: <b>∠</b> ower: 1.1% Upper: 14%
Vapour pressure	: Not available.
Vapour density	: Not available.
Density	: 17.3 kg/l
Solubility(ies)	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: <b>K</b> inematic (40°C): >20.5 mm²/s
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.
9.2 Other information	
VOC	: <mark>4</mark> 91 g/l
Solubility in water	: Not available.

Solubility in water	: Not
No additional information.	

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1 Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Moder normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	Kvoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	;	✓nder normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

11.1 Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
<b>X</b> ylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	29000 mg/l	4 hours
-	mists		-	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.22 g/kg	-

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
<b>Ø</b> ermal	3759.41 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	17088.23 ppm
Inhalation (vapours)	170.98 mg/l

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
<b>X</b> ylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		mg 100 %	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
		Rubbit		mg	
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
				ug l	
Conclusion/Summary	: Causes skin irritation.				
<u>Sensitisation</u>					
Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.					
Mutagenicity					
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b> : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.					
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>					
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b> : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.					
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the	classification c	riteria are	not met.	
Teratogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the	classification c	riteria are	e not met.	
Specific target organ toxicit	<u>y (single exposure)</u>				

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
<b>X</b> ylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Creating toward arrange towicity (reported arrange)			

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
<mark>X</mark> ylene	0,	oral, inhalation	-
Ethylbenzene		oral, inhalation	hearing organs

**Aspiration hazard** 

Product/	ingredient name	Result	
₩ylene Ethylbenzene		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
ormation on likely routes exposure	: Not available.		
tential acute health effect	<u>s</u>		
ye contact	: 🗭 auses serious eye irrit	ation.	
nhalation	: 📕 armful if inhaled. May	cause respiratory irritation.	
kin contact	: 🗭 auses skin irritation.		
gestion	: No known significant ef	fects or critical hazards.	
mptoms related to the phy	vsical, chemical and toxico	-	
ye contact	: Adverse symptoms may pain or irritation watering redness	y include the following:	
nhalation	: Adverse symptoms may respiratory tract irritation coughing		
kin contact	: Koverse symptoms may irritation redness	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation	
ngestion	: No specific data.		
laved and immediate effe	cts as well as chronic effe	cts from short and long-term exposure	
hort term exposure			
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.		
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	Not available.	
<u>ong term exposure</u>			
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.		
otential chronic health eff	ects		
lot available.			
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		
General	: May cause damage to c	organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant ef		
Mutagenicity	: No known significant ef		
Teratogenicity	: No known significant ef		
Developmental effects			
		No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Fertility effects	: Not available.		

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Manium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
▼ylene Ethylbenzene Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	3.6	-	low low high

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (K <sub>oc</sub> )	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.
12.5 Results of PBT and	vPvB assessment
DDT	Not applicable

#### : Not applicable. PBT

: Not applicable. vPvB

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

13.1 Waste treatment method	5
<u>Product</u>	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	<b>: Ø</b> 80111*, 200127*
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	<mark>₩</mark> N1263	<b>₩</b> N1263	<b>₩</b> N1263	<mark>₩</mark> N1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	<b>3</b>	8	3
14.4 Packing group	W	W	W	M
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	<b>N</b> o.	No.	No.
Additional information	✓iscous liquid exception 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1. Tunnel code (D/E)	<b>Viscous liquid</b> <u>exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.	✓iscous liquid <u>exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.	

**14.6 Special precautions for** : user

**Fransport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

#### instruments

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

#### **Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions** 1.1 on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

#### **Other EU regulations**

**Europe inventory** 

: Not determined.

Product/ingredient name	Carcinogenic effects	Mutagenic effects	Developmental effects	Fertility effects
Cobalt bis (2-ethylhexanoate)	-	-	-	-

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

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### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Not listed.

#### Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

#### Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

#### Danger criteria

Categor	
₽5c	Τ

#### National regulations

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
	UK Occupational Exposure Limits EH40 - WEL	cobalt and cobalt compounds as Co	Carc.	-

#### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

## 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.
	1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification		
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data		
Acute Tox. 4, H332	Calculation method		
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method		
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method		
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method		
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method		

Full text of abbreviated H statements

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SECTION 16: Other information				
<b>⊮</b> 225		Highly flammable liquid and vapour.		
H226		Flammable liquid and vapour.		
H304		May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.		
H312		Harmful in contact with skin.		
H315		Causes skin irritation.		
H317		May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
H319		Causes serious eye irritation.		
H332		Harmful if inhaled.		
H335		May cause respiratory irritation.		
H351		Suspected of causing cancer.		
H360F		May damage fertility.		
H373		May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated		
		exposure.		
H400		Very toxic to aquatic life.		
H412		Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
Full text of classifications	CLP/GHS]			
Acute Tox. 4		ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4		
Aquatic Acute 1		SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1		
Aquatic Chronic 3		LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3		
Asp. Tox. 1		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1		
Carc. 2		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2		
Eye Irrit. 2		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2		
Flam. Liq. 2		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2		
Flam. Liq. 3		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3		
Repr. 1B		REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B		
Skin Irrit. 2		SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2		
Skin Sens. 1A		SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A		
STOT RE 2		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED		
		EXPOSURE - Category 2		
STOT SE 3		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE -		
		Category 3		
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#### Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.